# THE TRAVELLING NATURALIST

TRAVEL I EXPERIENCE I CONSERVE

### **Tour Report**

Colombia – Colombia's Birding Highlights 22 November – 5 December 2019

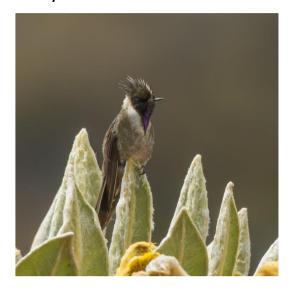
Andean cock of the rock



Santa Marta antpitta



**Buffy helmetcrest** 



Toucan barbet



Compiled by: Rob Smith Images by: Hernan Arias





#### Day 1: Friday 22 November 2019

The group arrived in Bogota early this morning and were met by our friendly local ground team. The original plan was to head straight to a local birding site close to the airport. However, Bogota had seen some local protests in the previous days and it was decided to err on the side of caution and remain at the airport. Before too long we boarded our short onward flight to Pereira and upon arrival were met by our local guide Juan Antonio and we drove directly to our first hotel — a beautiful traditional hacienda with extensive private gardens. Our first birds of the tour were enjoyed while enjoying the setting sun and, for some, an ice-cold beer. Species recorded included bare-faced ibis, chestnut-fronted macaw, yellow-crowned parrot, both scrub and blue-necked tanagers, vermillion flycatcher and common pauraque. A delicious welcome dinner followed.

#### Day 2: Saturday 23 November 2019

Freshly brewed Colombian coffee awaited our early morning pre-breakfast birding in the lovely gardens of our hacienda. Some highlights of the morning included the endemic greyish piculet, skulkers such as jet antbird and bar-crested antshrike and a flyby of chestnut fronted macaw. An alfresco breakfast was in enjoyed on the deck at the back of the hotel, as acadians flycatchers called nearby. A squirrel cuckoo and a green honeycreeper were also recorded.

Following breakfast, we made our way to Otun Quimbaya reserve. With a little patience and some fortune, we were able to locate some mixed species flocks along the trail which ensured we recorded a couple of the local specialties of the reserve including both variegated and marble-faced bristle-tyrants. A fine selection of tanagers were seen throughout the morning and these included golden, metallic-green and bay-headed. A dazzling red-headed barbet caught the group's attention, while a vulnerable cerulean warbler was another excellent record for the tour.

Other striking species for the day included collared trogon, orange-crowed euphonia and green jay. Around the reserve's HQ we found another key species in the form of the endemic and endangered Cauca guan and the red-ruffed fruitcrow – a particularly large member of the cotinga family and another major target for the day. After a tasty lunch we headed to a nearby river to search for torrent duck, but try as we might we were out of luck. However, we had bagged several excellent species and left Otun Quimbaya in high spirits. Our next destination was the hauntingly beautiful Nevado del Ruiz National Park, which lies to the north in Colombia's central Andes. We arrived at our high-altitude hotel later that evening. Many enjoyed local trout for dinner, before we ran through the checklist which revealed we had recorded over 100 species for the day – we were off and running with the prospect of high-altitude specialties tomorrow!

#### Day 3: Sunday 24 November 2019

A short pre-breakfast excursion was enjoyed on the trails behind our hotel, with good views of ash-coloured tapaculo and a couple of golden-breasted puffleg. Following breakfast we started to ascend by bus into Los Nevados National Park. Along the way we enjoyed super views of the snow-covered volcano that gives the park its name — Nevado del Ruiz, and made a quick stop in a patch of cloud forest. However, there was very little activity save for a couple of great thrushes and a glossy flower piercer. At a high-altitude lake we enjoyed views of ruddy duck and Andean teal. Here too we enjoyed a drink called canelazo (a hot and sweet concoction) at a small local shop where we also found stout-billed cinclodes and plumbeus Sierra-finch.

Moving we arrived at our highest point for the day – well above 3,500 metres. Here we were hoping to see one of our key targets for the day – the stunning endemic hummingbird called buffy helmetcrest. Conditions had worsened, but thankfully these hummingbirds aren't put off by a little wind and cloud. Cracking views of 'buffy' were enjoyed in various spots and at close range. Success! From here we returned to the hotel and spent an hour or so around the wonderful sugar feeders for even more hummingbird action. Visitors included such dazzling beauties as rainbow-bearded thornbill, both golden-breasted and



black-thighed puffleg, buff-winged starfrontlet, shining sunbeam, mountain velvetbreast and great sapphirewing.

Another pleasant lunch was enjoyed at the hotel's restaurant which boasts jaw-dropping panoramic views of the surrounding mountains. Our afternoon's birding again turned up some small mixed flocks, with nice species including golden-fronted whitestart, blue-backed conebill, masked flowerpiercer, black-crested warbler, pale-naped brushfinch and white-throated tyrannulet. Three species of stunning mountain tanagers proved real crowd-pleasers, and these included both lacrimose and scarlet-bellied varieties. However, the star of the show was undoubtedly the difficult to see black-chested mountain tanager. Returning to the hotel most of the group chose to spend more time at the hummingbird feeders and others also made use of another special feature of the property - thermal hot springs that the hotel has funneled into welcoming pools. Surely there is no better way to relax at the end of a day's birding!

#### Day 4: Monday 25 November 2019

Another early start saw us descending towards the Andean city of Manizales where we met our next guide Hernan and said goodbye to Juan Antonio before making our way to Rio Blanco - a cloud forest birding reserve famed for its antpittas and overall excellent bird diversity. Our quest for antpittas was rewarded with excellent views of chestnut-crowned, the endemic brown-banded and slate-crowned varieties. As we moved between feeding stations we enjoyed many more special birds such as black-billed mountain toucan, rusty-faced parrot, green jay, both beryl-spangled and blue-and-black tanagers and capped conebill.

Having thoroughly enjoyed the morning's avian delights we returned to the reserve's HQ for hot drinks and later lunch. Here, too, were more hummingbird feeders and a completely differing suite of hummers including both green and sparkling violetears, Andean emerald, speckled hummingbird, fawn-breasted brilliant, buff-tailed coronet, both bronzy and collared Incas, long-tailed sylph, white-bellied woodstar and tourmaline sunangel – each seemingly more dazzling than the last!

Further time was spent on the reserve's relaxed trails this afternoon, with more excellent species recorded. Highlights included golden-headed quetzal, masked trogon, Andean motmot, emerald toucanet, both crimson-mantled and bar-bellied woodpeckers, golden-plumed parakeet and flavescent flycatcher. Having spent a cracking day's birding around the beautiful Rio Blanco reserve we returned to our comfortable hotel in Manizales for a restful night.

#### Day 5: Tuesday 26 November 2019

A long journey lay ahead of us so we left the hotel in good time this morning and started to make our way northwards to the quaint colonial town of Jardin, which sits on the eastern slope of Colombia's western Andes. Along the way the usual suspects were seen such as both black and turkey vultures, tropical kingbird, western cattle egret and rufous-collared sparrow – species that we would encounter on an almost daily basis throughout the tour.

We made a roadside stop for lunch near the town of La Pintada and recorded such species as blue-andwhite swallow, barn swallow, yellow warbler and house wren. Arriving at our guest house that afternoon in Jardin, we settled in and then transferred about 5 minutes to a location just outside town. Almost unbelievably this is the location of one of the most active Andean cock-of-the-rock leks know in all the Andes! Here we had the opportunity to observe at close range approximately 12 individual males at the lek as they postured and made their guttural calls - quite the show! Around the lek we also saw streaked xenops and tyrannine woodcreeper. At approximately 5pm we returned to the hotel and then wandered to the main square to soak up the town's beautiful central plaza, enjoy a well-earned cool drink and generally relax and watch the world go by after what had been a long day.



#### Day 6: Wednesday 27 November 2019

Our jeeps and drivers were waiting as we left the hotel this morning. They would allow us to access some excellent habitat in the Ventanas ('windows') reserve above town. After driving around 40 minutes along a bumpy track we stopped at a local restaurant for breakfast and having ordered we scanned the valley, patiently waiting and hoping to see one of the day's big targets - the endangered and endemic yelloweared parrot – a species that had until only a few years ago been on the brink of extinction, but thanks to local conservation efforts was now making a comeback. Indeed, this area was now a stronghold for the species. We didn't have to wait long before we heard the distant squarks and soon were able to observe several groups of these magnificent birds as they formed feeding parties and flew off to remote forested valleys for the day. Our breakfast and coffees certainly tasted a little sweeter! Moving on we visited another local reserve owned by Doña Lucia. Here we were able to observe skulking chestnut-napped antpitta at close range, as well as flammulated treehunter and streak-headed antbird among others. We then continued to Doña Lucia's house, where we spent time at hummingbird feeders and enjoyed freshly brewed coffee. Some of the species of hummingbirds we observed included long-tailed sylph, speckled hummingbird, fawn-breasted brilliant and collared Inca. Having had a cracking morning we said our goodbyes and started to make the return journey back down to Jardin, making several birding stops along the way for species such as American kestrel, golden-fronted whitestart, blue-capped tanager, green-andblack fruiteater, rufous-headed pygmy-tyrant, red-crested cotinga, Spillman's tapaculo and white-collared swift.

Back in Jardin we enjoyed a tasty lunch and then we started our trip to Las Tangaras Reserve – crossing over on to the western slope of the western Andes. On our way to the reserve we made a coffee and rest stop in a small town and found an individual spectacled owl roosting in one of the trees of the central plaza – a very nice addition to an already very good haul for the day. Upon arrival at the reserve we completed the checklist and enjoyed dinner before enjoying a restful night's sleep in our new and very pleasant accommodations.

#### Day 7: Thursday 28 November 2019

Las Tangaras reserve is located in a biogeographic region known as the Chocó – an area regarded as one of the most biologically diverse in the world. Here we would encounter an entirely new and dazzlingly colouful suite of birds – it was time to hold on to our hats! We were off after an early breakfast and headed straight to the reserve. Here we encountered some iconic species of the Chocó including toucan barbet, black-chinned mountain tanager, glistening-green tanager, yellow-collared chlorophonia, Chocó (tricoloured) brushfinch and yellow-breasted antpitta. A delicious picnic lunch was taken in the field before we started to make our way into the higher sections of the reserve. Here we spent time at some hummingbird feeders which attracted a range of special species, most of which are unique to the Chocó habitat and included velvet-purple coronet, brown Inca, purple-bibbed whitetip, violet-tailed sylph, greenish puffleg, empress brilliant, white-tailed hillstar and booted racket-tail. Further birding this afternoon produced one of the stars of the reserve – the endemic black-and-gold tanager, as well as a host of other dazzling tanagers including purplish-mantled, glistening-green, golden, saffron-crowned and silver-throated varieties.

Other noteworthy species recorded today included smokey-brown woodpecker, golden-winged manakin, buffy tuftedcheek, both buff-fronted and scaly-throated foliage-gleaners, yellow-breasted antwren, uniform antshrike, moustached puffbird, golden-crowned flycatcher, ornate flycatcher and olivaceous piha. Having thoroughly enjoyed our emmersive Chocó birding experience we retired to the lodge to relax, complete the checklist and have dinner.

#### Day 8: Friday 29 November 2019

The plan today was to again revisit Las Tangaras reserve, aiming to pick off some of the key species that eluded us yesterday, and also visit a few nearby areas where some other species might be encountered. A sighting of semi-collared hawk got the day off to a great start and moustached puffbird was a nice addition



as well. We also added to our nice collection of woodpeckers with the often tricky yellow-vented woodpecker, while white-headed wren, both indigo and bluish flowerpiercers, uniform treehunter, olivebacked woodcreeper, bronze-olive pygmy-tyrant, fulvous-breasted flatbill, smoke-coloured pewee and chestnut-breasted chlorophonia were further very welcome new additions for the tour. The endemics count also ticked up with both crested ant-tanager and Tatama (alto pisones) tapaculo!

Lunch was taken back at the lodge with time to relax and enjoy the surrounding gardens. Later on in another spot outside the reserve we recorded russet-backed oropendola, bar-crested antshrike, Andean motmot, yellow-backed oriole, buff-throated saltator, blue-black grassquit, white-lined tanager and purplethroated woodstar. Back at the lodge we again enjoyed another delicious dinner prepared by the friendly kitchen staff.

#### Day 9: Saturday 30 November 2019

An early departure was required as we had to make our way to Medellin airport for a flight to the Caribbean coastal city of Santa Marta – our gateway into the endemic-rich Sierra Nevada de Santa Marta. Upon arrival we had a short drive up to our first lodge in the quiet village of Minca which sits at around 600 metres above sea level – just enough to take the edge of the oppressive heat of the coast. Here we enjoyed lunch and started to explore the birding delights of the lodge's gardens and hummingbird feeders. Some the species recorded included broad-winged hawk, whooping motmot, orange-chinned parakeet, boatbilled flycatcher, American redstart and thick-billed euphonia. Around the hummingbird feeders the group delighted at such stunners as white-necked jacobin, white-vented plumeleteer, steely-vented hummingbird and rufous-tailed hummingbird.

#### Day 10: Sunday 1 December 2019

The day started with birding on the lower dry-forested slope below Minca. A nice selection of species were recorded including black-backed antshire, golden-fronted greenlet, scrub greenlet, swallow tanager, rufousand-white wren, rufous-tailed jacamar and crimson-backed tanager. A secretive collared forest-falcon also made a surprise appearance! Following breakfast back at the lodge we loaded into 4x4 vehicles (the road up in the sierra to the famous El Dorado lodge is pretty bumpy) and started our accent into the higher reaches of the Sierra Nevada de Santa Marta - a site of global importance thanks to its wealth of species that can be found nowhere else on earth. Birds of course are well represented with over 20 endemics...but, these aren't only endemic to Colombia. No, they are endemic to the sierra itself! Suffices to say that some good birding lay in store! Climbing ever higher we started to move into altitudinal zones that held the fabled endemics, and we recorded our first 'Santa Marta specials' including Santa Marta antbird, Sierra Nevada brushfinch, Bang's wood wren and white-lored warbler. Other notable species recorded on our assent included the much sought golden-winged sparrow, rusty-breasted antpitta, scaled piculet, yellowlegged thrush, golden-olive woodpecker, crested oropendola and golden grosbeak.

Arriving at the lodge we settled into our rooms and tucked into a tasty lunch. The afternoon was spent birding trails close to the lodge. Highlights included white-tipped quetzal, golden-breasted fruiteater, both black-capped and black-headed tanagers, gartered trogon, band-tailed guan and near-endemic blackfronted woodquail.

#### Day 11: Monday 2 December 2019

A very early pre-dawn start was necessary today to ensure we made it up onto the San Lorenzo Ridge by sun rise, not only to enjoy the incredible view towards the snow-capped peaks of the sierra, but also to give a good chance at various species which are only to be found up at these altitudes (2,800 metres). The birding started well with good views enjoyed of Santa Marta warbler, yellow-crowned whitestart, hermit wood wren, Santa Marta brushfinch and rusty-headed spinetail - all endemic to the Sierra Nevada de Santa Marta! Other nice species found this morning up on the ridge and during our descent through cloud forest included scarlet-fronted parakeet, scaly-naped parrot, tyrian metaltail, streak-capped spinetail, montane



foliage-gleaner, black-throated tody-tyrant, yellow-bellied chat-tyrant and slaty-backed nightingale-thrush. We also made a stop at a new feeding station for Santa Marta antpitta, which proved a wise move as an induvial showed well. It had been a long morning and a well-deserved lunch was enjoyed back at the lodge with time afterwards to relax. Later that afternoon we enjoyed some light birding exploring the lodge gardens, which again featured hummingbird and fruit feeders. Delightful little blue-naped chlorophonias were real crowd-pleasers, while new hummers for the tour included lazuline sabrewing, crowned woodnymph and the special endemic white-tailed starfrontlet. Other nice species included the nearendemic black-fronted wood quail, band-tailed guan and endemic Sierra Nevada brushfinch.

#### Day 12: Tuesday 3 December 2019

This morning, following breakfast, we made our way down-slope, to bird lower forests, specifically for a trio of hummingbirds that are usually found at these elevations. The birding was certainly productive, and we were successful in our hummingbird quest with Santa Marta blossomcrown, Santa-Marta woodstar and coppery emerald – the first two endemic to the sierra and the latter a near-endemic, with its distribution just crossing over into Venezuela. Other notable species this morning included the endemic Santa Marta tapaculo, the stunning keel-billed toucan, a skulking rusty-breasted antpitta, gray-throated leaftoser, yellow-legged thrush and montane foliage-gleaner.

Lunch was enjoyed back at the lodge and there was time this afternoon for further relaxed birding with nice species including both red-billed and scaly-naped parrots, olive-sided flycatcher, black-chested jay, rusty flowerpiercer, black-and-white and Tennessee warblers, slate-throated whitestart and bay-headed tanager.

#### Day 13: Wednesday 4 December 2019

This was our final morning in El Dorado, so we spent some final time soaking up the hummingbird feeders and enjoying the magnificent views that stretch all the way down to the Caribbean coast. We then loaded up the 4x4s and started to make our way back down – we had a flight to catch to Bogota but had time to make birding stops along the way. Enough time to add another Santa Marta endemic to the list in the form of the often-tricky Santa Marta foliage-gleaner. Along the way we stopped at a known roost of black-andwhite owl and were rewarded with excellent views. Other nice species we were able to record along the way included the impressive crimson-crested woodpecker, cocoa woodcreeper, Venezuelan tyrannulet, yellow-breasted flatbill, both golden-fronted and scrub greenlets, rufous-and-white wren, swallow tanager and blue dacnis.

After a few hours of gentle descent we arrived back in the village of Minca, now with a hat-full of Santa Marta endemic species under our belts! Having enjoyed a tasty lunch we transferred the last hour down to the coast and on to Santa Marta airport, from where we flew on to Bogota. Here we would spend our last night of the tour, however, we still had some exciting birding left tomorrow!

#### Day 14: Thursday 5 December 2019

Setting off early from our hotel we made our way out of a quiet Bogota heading towards Chingaza National Park which comprises cloud forest and high altitude paramo habitat. A packed breakfast was enjoyed in the field allowing us to maximise the morning's birding time. One of our first stops produced another Colombian endemic in the form of silvery-throated spinetail, as well as the smart near-endemic rufousbrowed conebill. A little higher up we had excellent views of both brown-backed chat-tyrant and the harder crowned chat-tyrant. Higher still we were able to catch a glimse of both the beautiful purple-backed and bronze-tailed thornbills - both stunning high-altitude hummingbird specialties. Other nice birds of our morning included red-crested cotinga, golden-fronted whitestart (this the eastern sub-species of the same species we had seen earlier in the tour), Andean siskin, scarlet-bellied mountain tanager, white-naped brushfinch and the fantastic little Plushcap. Having enjoyed our morning's high-altitude birding we headed down and enjoyed a delicious local lunch near the town of La Calera.



Following lunch, we visited a nearby private garden with hummingbird feeders. Here we were treated to a marvelous spectacle of close-up hummers with many local specialties including blue-throated starfrontlet, both coppery-bellied and glowing pufflegs, sword-billed hummingbird, white-bellied woodstar and both black-tailed and green-tailed trainbearers. Watching these dazzling hummingbirds at close range was a fantastic way to round of what had been a wonderful tour full of incredible birds. In all we had registered 358 species, including 26 endemics, 51(!) species of hummingbirds, countless local specialties in the form of toucans, quetzals and other tour highlights, all the while soaking up Colombia's spectacular scenery, varied culture and rich and varied habitats. At every stop we had been welcomed by friendly local hosts at all the lodges and hotels and enjoyed freshly brewed Colombian coffee and hot chocolate on our early morning starts. However, the real stars of the show were the birds of course – treasures that will live long in the memory!



## Checklist

	Common Name	Scientific Name	D*	S*	Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5	Day 6	Day 7	Day 8	Day 9	Day 10	Day 11	Day 12	Day 13	Day 14	Day 15
1	Tawny-breasted tinamou	Nothocercus julius						Н											
2	Black-bellied whistling-duck	Dendrocygna autumnalis				<b>√</b>													
3	Andean teal	Anas andium					<b>√</b>												
4	Ruddy duck	Oxyura jamaicensis					<b>√</b>												
5	Colombian chachalaca	Ortalis columbiana	Е																
6	Band-tailed guan	Penelope argyrotis												<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	>			
7	Cauca guan	Penelope perspicax	Е	EN		<b>√</b>													
8	Sickle-winged guan	Chamaepetes goudotii									<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>			<b>√</b>				
9	Black-fronted wood quail	Odontophorus atrifrons	NE	V											<b>√</b>				
10	Bare-faced ibis	Phimosus infuscatus			<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>							<b>√</b>						
11	Western cattle egret	Bubulcus ibis				<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>				<b>√</b>		
12	Snowy egret	Egretta thula				<b>√</b>													



13	Striated heron	Butorides striata														✓	
14	Brown pelican	Pelecanus occidentalis										<b>√</b>					
15	Neotropic cormorant	Phalacrocorax brasilianus				<b>√</b>											
16	Turkey vulture	Cathartes aura						<b>√</b>					<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>	
17	Black vulture	Coragyps atratus			<b>√</b>												
18	Semicollared hawk	Accipiter collaris		NT							<b>√</b>						
19	Roadside hawk	Rupornis magnirostris			Н	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>							
20	Broad-winged hawk	Buteo platypterus	B M			<b>√</b>					<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>			<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	
21	Southern lapwing	Vanellus chilensis										<b>√</b>					
22	Ruddy turnstone	Arenaria interpres														<b>√</b>	
23	Rock pigeon	Columba livia	ı			<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>								
24	Band-tailed pigeon	Patagioenas fasciata							<b>√</b>								
25	Ruddy ground dove	Columbina talpacoti			<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>											
26	White-tipped dove	Leptotila verreauxi											<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>		
27	Eared dove	Zenaida auriculata			<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>										
28	Smooth-billed ani	Crotophaga ani				<b>√</b>					<b>√</b>						



29	Squirrel cuckoo	Piaya cayana				<b>√</b>											
30	Santa Marta screech owl	Megascops sp.	Е	CR									Н	Н			
31	Black-and-white owl	Strix nigrolineata													<b>√</b>		
32	Spectacled owl	Pulsatrix perspicillata						<b>√</b>									
33	Common Pauraque	Nyctidromus albicollis			<b>√</b>												
34	White-collared swift	Streptoprocne zonaris				<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>									
35	Rufous-breasted hermit	Glaucis hirsutus				<b>√</b>											
36	Green hermit	Phaethornis guy				<b>√</b>											
37	Lazuline sabrewing	Campylopterus falcatus										<b>√</b>			<b>√</b>		
38	White-necked jacobin	Florisuga mellivora									<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>					
39	Brown violetear	Colibri delphinae							<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>			
40	Lesser (Green) violetear	Colibri thalassinus					<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>			
41	Sparkling violetear	Colibri coruscans					<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>	
42	Black-throated mango	Anthracothorax nigricollis				<b>√</b>						<b>√</b>					
43	Western emerald	Chlorostilbon melanorhynchus				<b>√</b>											
44	Coppery emerald	Chlorostilbon russatus	NE											<b>√</b>			

45	Crowned woodnymph	Thalurania colombica								<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>		
46	Rufous-tailed hummingbird	Amazilia tzacatl			<b>√</b>				<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>			<b>√</b>	
47	Andean emerald	Amazilia franciae			<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>						
48	Steely-vented hummingbird	Amazilia saucerrottei							<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	
49	Santa Marta blossomcrown	Anthocephala floriceps	Е	VU										<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	
50	White-vented plumeleteer	Chalybura buffonii									<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>			<b>√</b>	
51	Speckled hummingbird	Adelomyia melanogenys					<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>								
52	Fawn-breasted brilliant	Heliodoxa rubinoides					<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>								
53	Empress brilliant	Heliodoxa imperatrix	NE						<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>						
54	White-tailed (rufous-gaped) hillstar	Urochroa bougueri							<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>						
55	Buff-tailed coronet	Boissonneaua flavescens					<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>								
56	Velvet-purple coronet	Boissonneaua jardini	NE						<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>						
57	Shining sunbeam	Aglaeactis cupripennis				<b>√</b>										
58	Mountain velvetbreast	Lafresnaya lafresnayi				<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>				<b>√</b>				
59	Bronzy inca	Coeligena coeligena					<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>								
60	Brown inca	Coeligena wilsoni	NE						<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>						



61	Collared inca	Coeligena torquata					<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>						
62	White-tailed starfrontlet	Coeligena phalerata	Е								<b>\</b>	<b>√</b>		
63	Buff-winged starfrontlet	Coeligena lutetiae				<b>√</b>								
64	Blue-throated starfrontlet	Coeligena helianthea	NE										✓	
65	Sword-billed hummingbird	Ensifera ensifera											<b>√</b>	
66	Great sapphirewing	Pterophanes cyanopterus				<b>√</b>								
67	Tourmaline sunangel	Heliangelus exortis					<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>						
68	Glowing puffleg	Eriocnemis vestita											<b>√</b>	
69	Coppery-bellied puffleg	Eriocnemis cupreoventris	NE										<b>√</b>	
70	Black-thighed puffleg	Eriocnemis derbyi	NE	NT		<b>√</b>								
71	Golden-breasted puffleg	Eriocnemis mosquera	NE			<b>√</b>								
72	Greenish puffleg	Haplophaedia aureliae							<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>				
73	Purple-bibbed whitetip	Urosticte benjamini							<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>				
74	White-booted racket-tail	Ocreatus underwoodii							<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>				
75	Black-tailed trainbearer	Lesbia victoriae											<b>√</b>	
76	Green-tailed trainbearer	Lesbia nuna											<b>√</b>	

77	Purple-backed thornbill	Ramphomicron microrhynchum												<b>✓</b>	
78	Buffy helmetcrest	Oxypogon stubelli	E			<b>√</b>									
79	Tyrian metaltail	Metallura tyrianthina										<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>	
80	Viridian metaltail	Metallura williami				<b>√</b>									
81	Bronze-tailed thornbill	Chalcostigma heteropogon	NE											<b>√</b>	
82	Rainbow-bearded thornbill	Chalcostigma herrani				<b>√</b>									
83	Long-tailed sylph	Aglaiocercus kingi					<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>							
84	Violet-tailed sylph	Aglaiocercus coelestis	NE						<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>					
85	Purple-throated woodstar	Calliphlox mitchellii	NE						<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>					
86	White-bellied woodstar	Chaetocercus mulsant					<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>						<b>√</b>	
87	Santa Marta woodstar	Chaetocercus astreans	Е										<b>√</b>		
88	Golden-headed quetzal	Pharomachrus auriceps					<b>√</b>								
89	White-tipped quetzal	Pharomachrus fulgidus	NE								<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>			
90	Gartered trogon	Trogon caligatus									<b>√</b>				
91	Collared trogon	Trogon collaris			<b>√</b>										
92	Masked trogon	Trogon personatus					<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>					

93	Andean motmot	Momotus aequatorialis			<b>√</b>	<b>✓</b>		<b>√</b>	✓						
94	Whooping motmot	Momotus subrufescens								<b>√</b>					
95	Rufous-tailed jacamar	Galbula ruficauda									<b>√</b>			<b>√</b>	
96	Moustached puffbird	Malacoptila mystacalis			<b>√</b>				<b>√</b>						
97	Red-headed barbet	Eubucco bourcierii			<b>√</b>			<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>						
98	Toucan barbet	Semnornis ramphastinus	NE	NT				<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>						
99	Emerald toucanet	Aulacorhynchus prasinus				<b>√</b>						<b>√</b>			
100	Crimson-rumped toucanet	Aulacorhynchus haematopygus			<b>√</b>										
101	Black-billed mountain toucan	Andigena nigrirostris		NT		<b>√</b>									
102	Keel-billed toucan	Ramphastos sulfuratus											<b>√</b>		
103	Scaled piculet	Picummus squamulatus									<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>		
104	Greyish piculet	Picumnus granadensis	Е		<b>√</b>										
105	Red-crowned woodpecker	Melanerpes rubricapillus			<b>√</b>					<b>√</b>				<b>√</b>	
106	Yellow-vented woodpecker	Veniliornis dignus							<b>√</b>						
107	Bar-bellied woodpecker	Veniliornis nigriceps				<b>√</b>									
108	Smoky-brown woodpecker	Leuconotopicus fumigatus						<b>√</b>							

109	Golden-olive woodpecker	Colaptes rubiginosus								✓				
110	Crimson-mantled woodpecker	Colaptes rivolii				<b>√</b>								
111	Lineated woodpecker	Dryocopus lineatus			<b>√</b>					✓				
112	Powerful woodpecker	Campephilus pollens			Н									
113	Crimson-crested woodpecker	Campephilus melanoleucos											<b>√</b>	
114	Northern Crested Caracara	Caracara cheriway					<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>						
115	Yellow-headed caracara	Milvago chimachima		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>									
116	Collared forest falcon	Micrastur semitorquatus								<b>√</b>				
117	American kestrel	Falco sparverius					<b>√</b>							
118	Orange-chinned parakeet	Brotogeris jugularis							<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>				
119	Rusty-faced parrot	Hapalopsittaca amazonina	VU			<b>√</b>								
120	Red-billed parrot	Pionus sordidus										<b>√</b>		
121	Blue-headed parrot	Pionus menstruus								<b>√</b>				
122	Plum-crowned Parrot	Pionus tumultuosus					<b>√</b>							
123	Yellow-crowned parrot	Amazona ochrocephala		<b>√</b>										
124	Scaly-naped parrot	Amazona mercenarius									<b>√</b>	✓		

125	Scarlet-fronted parakeet	Aratinga wagleri				<b>✓</b>							✓			
126	Golden-plumed parakeet	Leptosittaca branickii		VU				<b>√</b>								
127	Yellow-eared parrot	Ognorhynchus icterotis	Е	EN					<b>√</b>							
128	Chestnut-fronted Macaw	Ara severus				<b>√</b>										
129	Stout-billed cinclodes	Cinclodes excelsior					<b>√</b>									
130	Rusty-headed spinetail	Synallaxis fuscorufa	Е	VU									<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>		
131	Azara's spinetail	Synallaxis azarae					<b>√</b>									
132	White-browed spinetail	Hellmayrea gularis					<b>√</b>									
133	Red-faced spinetail	Cranioleuca erythrops			Н	<b>√</b>				<b>√</b>						
134	Streak-capped spinetail	Cranioleuca hellmayri	NE									<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>			
135	Silvery-throated spinetail	Synallaxis subpudica	Е												<b>√</b>	
136	Pearled treerunner	Margarornis squamiger					<b>√</b>									
137	Buffy tuftedcheek	Pseudocolaptes lawrencii								<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>					
138	Scaly-throated foliage- gleaner	Anabacerthia variegaticeps								<b>√</b>						
139	Montane foliage-gleaner	Anabacerthia striaticollis									✓	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>			
140	Buff-fronted foliage-gleaner	Philydor rufum								<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>					

141	Uniform treehunter	Thripadectes ignobilis	NE							✓					
142	Flammulated treehunter	Thripadectes flammulatus						<b>√</b>							
143	Santa Marta foliage-gleaner	Automolus rufipectus	Е											<b>√</b>	
144	Gray-throated Leaftosser	Sclerurus albigularis											<b>√</b>		
145	Streaked xenops	Xenops rutilans					<b>√</b>								
146	Ruddy Woodcreeper	Dendrocincla homochroa											<b>√</b>		
147	Tyrannine woodcreeper	Dendrocincla tyrannina					<b>√</b>								
148	Strong-billed woodcreeper	Xiphocolaptes promeropirhynchus										Н	<b>√</b>		
149	Cocoa woodcreeper	Xiphorhynchus susurrans												<b>√</b>	
150	Olive-backed woodcreeper	Xiphorhynchus triangularis								<b>√</b>					
151	Streak-headed woodcreeper	Lepidocolaptes souleyetii		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>										
152	Montane woodcreeper	Lepidocolaptes lacrymiger			<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>			<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>					
153	Rufous-rumped antwren	Terenura callinota							<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>					
154	Yellow-breasted antwren	Herpsilochmus axillaris							<b>√</b>						
155	Black-backed antshrike	Thamnophilus melanonotus												<b>√</b>	
156	Bar-crested antshrike	Thamnophilus multistriatus	NE		<b>√</b>										

157	Uniform antshrike	Thamnophilus unicolor							✓	✓					
158	Santa Marta antbird	Drymophila hellmayri	Е								<b>√</b>				
159	Streak-headed antbird	Drymophila striaticeps						<b>√</b>							
160	Jet antbird	Cercomacra nigricans			<b>√</b>										
161	Chestnut-crowned antpitta	Grallaria ruficapilla					<b>√</b>								
162	Santa Marta antpitta	Grallaria bangsi	Е	VU								<b>√</b>			
163	Chestnut-naped antpitta	Grallaria nuchalis						<b>√</b>							
164	Yellow-breasted antpitta	Grallaria flavotincta	NE	VU					<b>√</b>						
165	Rufous antpitta	Grallaria rufula				<b>√</b>									
166	Brown-banded antpitta	Grallaria milleri	Е	VU			<b>√</b>								
167	Rusty-breasted antpitta	Grallaricula ferrugineipectus											<b>√</b>		
168	Slaty-crowned antpitta	Grallaricula nana					<b>√</b>								
169	Ocellated tapaculo	Acropternis orthonyx				Н	Н								
170	Ash-coloured tapaculo	Myornis senilis				<b>√</b>	Н	Н							
171	Santa Marta tapaculo	Scytalopus sanctaemartae	Е										✓		
172	Spillmann's tapaculo	Scytalopus spillmanni					<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>							



173	Paramo tapaculo	Scytalopus opacus				✓										
174	Alto pisones tapaculo	Scytalopus sp.	Е							<b>√</b>						
175	Yellow-bellied elaenia	Elaenia flavogaster			<b>✓</b>						<b>√</b>					
176	Southern beardless tyrannulet	Camptostoma obsoletum			<b>✓</b>							<b>√</b>				
177	White-throated tyrannulet	Mecocerculus leucophrys				✓							<b>√</b>		✓	
178	Torrent tyrannulet	Serpophaga cinerea			<b>√</b>											
179	Bronze-olive pygmy-tyrant	Pseudotriccus pelzelni								<b>√</b>						
180	Rufous-headed Pygmy-tyrant	Pseudotriccus ruficeps						<b>√</b>								
181	Golden-faced tyrannulet	Zimmerius chrysops			<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>									
182	Variegated bristle-tyrant	Phylloscartes poecilotis			<b>✓</b>					<b>√</b>						
183	Marble-faced bristle-tyrant	Phylloscartes ophthalmicus			<b>✓</b>											
184	Venezuelan tyrannulet	Zimmerius improbus												<b>√</b>		
185	Olive-striped flycatcher	Mionectes olivaceus											<b>√</b>			
186	Rufous-breasted flycatcher	Leptopogon rufipectus	NE				Н									
187	Flavescent flycatcher	Myiophobus flavicans					<b>√</b>									
188	Handsome flycatcher	Nephelomyias pulcher							✓	✓						

189	Ornate flycatcher	Myiotriccus ornatus							✓	<b>√</b>						
190	Black-throated tody-tyrant	Hemitriccus granadensis										<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>			
191	Common tody-flycatcher	Todirostrum cinereum				<b>√</b>			<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>						
192	Fulvous-breasted flatbill	Rhynchocyclus fulvipectus								<b>√</b>						
193	Yellow-breasted Flatbill	Tolmomyias flaviventris												<b>√</b>		
194	Cinnamon flycatcher	Pyrrhomyias cinnamomeus					<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>						
195	Black phoebe	Sayornis nigricans				<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>							
196	Olive-sided flycatcher	Contopus cooperi	B M	NT							<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>			
197	Smoke-coloured pewee	Contopus fumigatus								<b>√</b>						
198	Eastern wood pewee	Contopus virens	B M			<b>√</b>										
199	Acadian flycatcher	Empidonax virescens	B M		Н	<b>√</b>										
200	Vermilion flycatcher	Pyrocephalus rubinus			<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>										
201	Crowned chat-tyrant	Ochthoeca frontalis													<b>√</b>	
202	Yellow-bellied chat-tyrant	Ochthoeca diadema										<b>√</b>				
203	Brown-backed chat-tyrant	Ochthoeca fumicolor													✓	
204	Cattle tyrant	Machetornis rixosa			<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>										

205	Rusty-margined flycatcher	Myiozetetes cayanensis		✓	✓						✓					
206	Great kiskadee	Pitangus sulphuratus		✓	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>					<b>√</b>					
207	Golden-crowned flycatcher	Myiodynastes chrysocephalus							<b>√</b>					<b>√</b>		
208	Streaked flycatcher	Myiodynastes maculatus			✓											
209	Boat-billed flycatcher	Megarynchus pitangua									✓	✓				
210	Tropical kingbird	Tyrannus melancholicus		✓	<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>									
211	Red-crested cotinga	Ampelion rubrocristatus						<b>√</b>							<b>√</b>	
212	Green-and-black fruiteater	Pipreola riefferii			Н											
213	Golden-breasted fruiteater	Pipreola aureopectus										✓	✓			
214	Orange-breasted fruiteater	Pipreola jucunda								Н						
215	Andean cock-of-the-rock	Rupicola peruvianus					<b>√</b>									
216	Olivaceous piha	Snowornis cryptolophus							<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>						
217	Red-ruffed fruitcrow	Pyroderus scutatus			<b>√</b>											
218	Golden-winged manakin	Masius chrysopterus							<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>						
219	Barred becard	Pachyramphus versicolor				<b>√</b>				<b>√</b>						
220	White-winged becard	Pachyramphus polychopterus			<b>√</b>				<b>√</b>							



221	Brown-capped vireo	Vireo leucophrys					✓									
222	Red-eyed vireo	Vireo olivaceus			Н											
223	Rufous-naped greenlet	Hylophilus semibrunneus			<b>√</b>											
224	Golden-fronted greenlet	Hylophilus aurantiifrons													<b>√</b>	
225	Scrub greenlet	Hylophilus flavipes													<b>√</b>	
226	Black-chested jay	Cyanocorax affinis									<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	
227	Green jay	Cyanocorax yncas			<b>√</b>			<b>√</b>								
228	Blue-and-white swallow	Notiochelidon cyanoleuca		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>							
229	Brown-bellied swallow	Notiochelidon murina				<b>√</b>										
230	Southern rough-winged swallow	Stelgidopteryx ruficollis		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>			<b>√</b>							<b>√</b>	
231	Barn swallow	Hirundo rustica	B M					<b>√</b>								
232	White-headed wren	Campylorhynchus albobrunneus								<b>√</b>						
233	Bicoloured wren	Campylorhynchus griseus									<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>			<b>√</b>	
234	Sharpe's wren	Cinnycerthia olivascens					<b>√</b>			<b>√</b>						
235	Sedge wren	Cistothorus platensis				<b>√</b>										
236	Whiskered wren	Pheugopedius mystacalis			Н											

237	Rufous-and-white wren	Thryophilus rufalbus														<b>✓</b>	
238	Bay wren	Cantorchilus nigricapillus									<b>√</b>						
239	House wren	Troglodytes aedon		Н	<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>							
240	Grey-breasted wood wren	Henicorhina leucophrys			<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>			<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>						
241	Santa Marta wood wren	Henicorhina anachoreta	Е											<b>√</b>			
242	Bang's wood-wren	Henicorhina bangsi	Е										<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>		
243	Chestnut-breasted wren	Cyphorhinus thoracicus									<b>√</b>						
244	Tropical gnatcatcher	Polioptila plumbea			<b>√</b>												
245	Andean solitaire	Myadestes ralloides			<b>√</b>												
246	Slaty-backed nightingale- thrush	Catharus fuscater											Н	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>		
247	Yellow-legged thrush	Turdus flavipes											<b>√</b>			<b>√</b>	
248	Great thrush	Turdus fuscater				<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>					<b>√</b>			
249	Black-hooded thrush	Turdus olivater											<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>			
250	Pale-breasted thrush	Turdus leucomelas										<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>				
251	Black-billed thrush	Turdus ignobilis		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>					<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>					
252	Clay-coloured thrush	Turdus grayi			<b>√</b>											<b>√</b>	

253	Lesser goldfinch	Spinus psaltria				<b>√</b>						✓						
254	Shiny cowbird	Molothrus bonariensis			<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>												
255	Carib grackle	Quiscalus lugubris							<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>								
256	Black-and-white warbler	Mniotilta varia	B M			<b>√</b>				<b>√</b>					<b>√</b>			
257	Tennessee warbler	Leiothlypis peregrina	B M							<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>				<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>		
258	Mourning warbler	Geothlypis philadelphia	B M			Н				<b>√</b>								
259	American redstart	Setophaga ruticilla	B M									<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>					
260	Cerulean warbler	Setophaga cerulea	B M	VU		<b>√</b>												
261	Tropical parula	Setophaga pitiayumi				<b>√</b>			<b>✓</b>									
262	Bay-breasted warbler	Setophaga castanea	B M			<b>√</b>												
263	Blackburnian warbler	Setophaga fusca	B M			<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>			
264	Yellow warbler	Setophaga aestiva	B M		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>										
265	Andean siskin	Spinus spinescens															<b>√</b>	
266	Orange-crowned euphonia	Euphonia saturata				<b>√</b>												
267	Thick-billed euphonia	Euphonia laniirostris										<b>√</b>						
268	Orange-bellied euphonia	Euphonia xanthogaster								<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>							



269	Yellow-collared chlorophonia	Chlorophonia flavirostris	NE						✓							
270	Blue-naped chlorophonia	Chlorophonia cyanea									<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>		
271	Chestnut-breasted chlorophonia	Chlorophonia pyrrhophrys							<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>						
272	Rufous-collared sparrow	Zonotrichia capensis			<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	✓	✓		✓		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>		✓	
273	Golden-winged sparrow	Arremon schlegeli	NE								<b>√</b>					
274	Chestnut-capped brushfinch	Arremon brunneinucha			<b>√</b>				<b>√</b>							
275	Sierra Nevada brushfinch	Arremon basilicus	Е								<b>√</b>					
276	Grey-browed brushfinch	Arremon assimilis					<b>√</b>									
277	Santa Marta brushfinch	Atlapetes melanocephalus	Е								<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>			
278	Pale-naped brushfinch	Atlapetes pallidinucha				<b>√</b>										
279	White-naped brushfinch	Atlapetes albinucha													<b>√</b>	
280	Choco (Tricoloured) brushfinch	Atlapetes tricolor							<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>						
281	Slaty brushfinch	Atlapetes schistaceus					<b>√</b>									
282	Dusky bush tanager	Chlorospingus semifuscus	NE							<b>√</b>						
283	Eastern meadowlark	Sturnella magna				Н										
284	Russet-backed oropendola	Psarocolius angustifrons								<b>√</b>						



285	Crested oropendola	Psarocolius decumanus									<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>		
286	Yellow-backed oriole	Icterus chrysater			Н					<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>				
287	Santa Marta warbler	Myiothlypis basilicus	Е	VU								<b>√</b>			
288	Black-crested warbler	Myiothlypis nigrocristata				<b>√</b>									
289	Buff-rumped warbler	Myiothlypis fulvicauda			Н										
290	White-lored warbler	Myiothlypis conspicillatus	Е	NT							<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>		
291	Russet-crowned warbler	Myiothlypis coronata					<b>√</b>								
292	Three-striped warbler	Basileuterus tristriatus			<b>√</b>				<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>					
293	Canada warbler	Cardellina canadensis	B M		<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>					
294	Slate-throated whitestart	Myioborus miniatus					<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>			<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	
295	Yellow-crowned whitestart	Myioborus flavivertex	Е									<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>		
296	Golden-fronted whitestart	Myioborus ornatus	NE			<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>								
297	Hepatic tanager	Piranga flava			<b>√</b>										
298	Summer tanager	Piranga rubra	B M		<b>√</b>					<b>√</b>					
299	Crested ant-tanager	Habia cristata	Е							<b>√</b>					
300	Golden grosbeak	Pheucticus chrysogaster									<b>√</b>				



301	White-capped tanager	Sericossypha albocristata		VU				Н									
302	Superciliaried hemispingus	Hemispingus superciliaris					<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>									
303	Black-eared hemispingus	Hemispingus melanotis						<b>√</b>									
304	Gray-hooded bush tanager	Cnemoscopus rubrirostris					<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>									
305	White-lined tanager	Tachyphonus rufus									<b>√</b>						
306	Crimson-backed tanager	Ramphocelus dimidiatus											<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	
307	Flame-rumped tanager	Ramphocelus flammigerus				<b>√</b>				<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>						
308	Blue-gray tanager	Thraupis episcopus			<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>				<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	
309	Palm tanager	Thraupis palmarum			<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>			<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>			<b>√</b>	
310	Blue-capped tanager	Thraupis cyanocephala						<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>								
311	Black-and-gold tanager	Bangsia melanochlamys	Е	VU						<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>						
312	Black-chested mountain tanager	Buthraupis eximia					<b>√</b>										
313	Lacrimose mountain tanager	Anisognathus lacrymosus					<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>					<b>√</b>			
314	Scarlet-bellied mountain tanager	Anisognathus igniventris					<b>√</b>										
315	Blue-winged mountain tanager	Anisognathus somptuosus						<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>						
316	Black-chinned mountain tanager	Anisognathus notabilis	NE							<b>√</b>							

317	Grass-green tanager	Chlorornis riefferii					<b>√</b>								
318	Buff-breasted mountain tanager	Dubusia taeniata					<b>√</b>								
319	Purplish-mantled tanager	Iridosornis porphyrocephalus	NE	NT					<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>					
320	Glistening-green tanager	Chlorochrysa phoenicotis	NE						<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>					
321	Golden tanager	Tangara arthus				<b>√</b>			<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>					
322	Saffron-crowned tanager	Tangara xanthocephala							<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>					
323	Silver-throated tanager	Tangara icterocephala							<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>					
324	Rufous-throated tanager	Tangara rufigula	NE							<b>√</b>					
325	Bay-headed tanager	Tangara gyrola				<b>√</b>			<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>		
326	Scrub tanager	Tangara vitriolina	NE		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>			<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>					
327	Metallic-green tanager	Tangara labradorides				<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>								
328	Blue-necked tanager	Tangara cyanicollis			<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>			<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>					
329	Beryl-spangled tanager	Tangara nigroviridis					<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>					
330	Blue-and-black tanager	Tangara vassorii					<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>							
331	Black-capped tanager	Tangara heinei								<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>		
332	Black-headed tanager	Tangara cyanoptera									<b>√</b>				

333	Swallow tanager	Tersina viridis												<b>✓</b>		
334	Green honeycreeper	Chlorophanes spiza			<b>√</b>											
335	Blue-backed conebill	Conirostrum sitticolor				<b>√</b>										
336	Rufous-browed conebill	Conirostrum rufum													<b>√</b>	
337	Capped conebill	Conirostrum albifrons					<b>√</b>									
338	Rusty flowerpiercer	Diglossa sittoides											<b>√</b>			
339	Glossy flowerpiercer	Diglossa lafresnayii				<b>√</b>									<b>√</b>	
340	Black flowerpiercer	Diglossa humeralis													<b>√</b>	
341	White-sided flowerpiercer	Diglossa albilatera						<b>√</b>				<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>		<b>√</b>	
342	Indigo flowerpiercer	Diglossa indigotica	NE							<b>√</b>						
343	Bluish flowerpiercer	Diglossa caerulescens								<b>√</b>						
344	Masked flowerpiercer	Diglossa cyanea				<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>					<b>√</b>	
345	Plumbeous sierra finch	Phrygilus unicolor				<b>√</b>									<b>√</b>	
346	Saffron finch	Sicalis flaveola		<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>			<b>√</b>								
347	Buff-throated saltator	Saltator maximus								<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>			<b>√</b>		
348	Black-winged saltator	Saltator atripennis			<b>√</b>				<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>						



349	Blue-black grassquit	Volatinia jacarina						✓					
350	Grey seedeater	Sporophila intermedia		>									
351	Yellow-bellied seedeater	Sporophila nigricollis		>				<b>\</b>					
352	Plain-coloured seedeater	Catamenia inornata			<b>√</b>							<b>√</b>	
353	Paramo seedeater	Catamenia homochroa			<b>√</b>					>			
354	Bananaquit	Coereba flaveola		>			>	<b>\</b>			<b>\</b>		
355	Yellow-faced grassquit	Tiaris olivaceus		>				<b>\</b>					
356	Sooty grassquit	Tiaris fuliginosus							<b>✓</b>				
357	Blue dacnis	dacnis cayana									<b>✓</b>		
358	Plushcap	Catamblyrhynchus diadema										<b>√</b>	

Distribution key	Status key
E = Endemic	CR = Critcally endangered
NE = Near endemic	EN = Endangered
BM = Boreal Migrant	VU = Vulnerable
I = Introduced	NT = Near threatened
NYM = Native and migrant	

