

THE TRAVELLING NATURALIST

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FRANCE

Dragonflies in Deepest Dordogne

4 – 10 July 2015

TOUR REPORT

Leaders: Dick Askew and David Simpson

Day 1: Saturday 4 July

As I waited at Bergerac airport for the Ryanair arrival I scanned the local fields but with the hot sunny weather, wildlife was lying low with just a few commoner butterflies and birds showing. Soon the flight arrived and John and Margaret L were through baggage and customs and meeting with me outside. I went off to collect the minibus in the car park. As I went a European swallowtail flew up and over the airport departure building. We loaded up the 'bus and were soon on our way to Mauzac and the hotel. Here we met not only Amanda the manageress but also John and Margaret W - two other participants – who had driven over from their campsite base on the west coast. With the Wests already installed, Amanda showed our other John and Margaret to their room. Soon afterwards we were downstairs on the terrace enjoying a drink and chatting about the week ahead. The resident common wall lizards climbed up the old stone walls or scuttled over stones in the garden. Our fifth participant, Carolyn, was travelling down by train and was to be picked up at Lalinde Station at 6pm.

With time available we decided to go for a stroll along the river past the dam and marsh to the fields beyond. Outside the hotel there was one of the regular hummingbird hawk-moths around the buddleia and on the river amongst the floating vegetation we found plenty of blue-eye damselflies and a few western demoiselles. In the vegetation along the bank we found white featherleg. Below the dam there were several white wagtails, a kingfisher, two little egrets and a couple of small waders – one a common sandpiper with the second possibly a wood sandpiper. Up above us several black kites and common buzzards circled around and we had a brief view of a hobby through the poplars. Along the road and in the far field we found butterflies including painted lady, large skipper, marbled white, speckled wood, clouded yellow, green-veined white and two summer generation map butterflies, the latter looking like small white admirals. Margaret W found the firebug *Pyrrhocoris apterus*. From the scrubby marsh and trees blackcap, short-toed treecreeper and Cetti's warbler sang whilst Green Frogs cackled. Back up beyond the hotel a couple of crag martins were flying around their nest site on the railway bridge whilst a black redstart flitted about around the hotel and adjacent rooves.

The group returned to the hotel to relax before dinner. In the meantime I drove to Lalinde Station to pick up Carolyn. Unfortunately her train from Bordeaux had been cancelled and so she finally arrived by coach

at 7pm. By 7.30pm we were all sitting down to dinner and looking forward to a week of dragonfly watching in Dordogne.

Day 2: Sunday 5 July

Dick our dragonfly expert came down with me to meet the group at the hotel. As usual for our first day out we started at the Cingle de Trémolat high above the River Dordogne. From here we had great views southwards over the alluvial floodplain, inside the large meander, to Trémolat and Mauzac and the hills beyond. Black kites were cruising about with the occasional common buzzard. In the little meadow and along the track down from the cross we immediately found dragonflies including white featherleg, a patrolling emperor and two black-tailed skimmers (one an immature male and another a female), goldenring, up to three orange spotted emerald. Dick caught one of the latter to explain its identification in the hand. A great start to the day!

As we walked along the track we also came across some butterflies including scarce swallowtail and several wall browns and marbled whites. Towards the truffle-oak orchard we found brown argus plus small and Provençal short-tailed blue. Here we also saw a yellow-banded wasp *Scolia hirta* and Dick found a cicada exuvia. Golden oriole, chiffchaff, blackcap, short-toed treecreeper and crested tit sang or called from the woods nearby. A small pincertail on the track near the second meadow was a good find. The second meadow also produced Adonis and common blues, great banded grayling, Berger's clouded yellow and large blue. As it warmed up skippers started to show with Lulworth, large and dingy present. Day-flying moths such as common heath and six-spot burnet were also noted. The only fritillary was a male spotted. Carolyn saw a broad scarlet and returning to the bus there were several European swallowtails flying nearby. Margaret W found a praying mantis in the grass.

We returned to our hotel for lunch and afterwards headed downstream to study the River Dordogne near Lalinde. There were many western demoiselle damselflies on the floating mats of water-crowfoot. In addition we found a few banded and several copper demoiselles including some by an 'art installation' at the old water mill opposite. On this little stream we also found a few goblet-marked damselflies. Across the main river on the islands there were various common waterbirds including mute swan, mallard, kingfisher, little egret, moorhen, white wagtail and some rather domestic-looking greylag geese. However whilst looking at the dragonflies by the water a viperine snake suddenly appeared right in front of us, with only its head above water, before disappearing just as quickly from where it had come. We spoke to a very pleasant group of French people who were having a rather grand picnic (covered table and chairs) by the waters edge and they were fascinated to hear that we were on a dragonfly-watching holiday! A serin sang from trees in the campsite adjacents

Next we moved down to another site a little closer to the town where a little stream joins the main river. This proved successful with good views of scarce chaser, common darter, small pincertail, and keeled and southern skimmers plus all three featherlegs. In addition we saw a dark female short-tailed blue and possible holly blue.

For a final stop we went to a tiny pond near my son Joseph's bus stop back towards Mauzac. Despite its size it was most productive with four-spotted chaser (found by Carolyn), broad scarlet and dainty, azure and blue-tailed damselflies. Before we left a little grass snake appeared and put a good display on for us as it swam around hunting whilst large green frogs sat on the floating vegetation adjacent. In the water small newt efts (tadpoles) were probably palmate and nearby we saw a dead emperor dragonfly.

Day 3: Monday 6 June

Our trip today was a little further afield – down the Louyre stream near Liorac where there is a pond and a series of small streams and ditches. As we drove down the track towards the site we saw a juvenile green woodpecker on the track, very grey-faced and spotty. I went slowly and we all had good views through the front windscreen. Eventually I got too close and it flew off calling indignantly – interestingly its rump showed very little hint of yellow compared to an adult.

After parking up we first looked in the little stream adjacent. There were one or two larger dragonflies patrolling up and down which at first we thought could be the western spectre. Dick caught one and it turned out to be a goldenring and after further watching the other appeared to be as well. Out over the pond there was an emperor flying about. The group found all three featherleg damselflies: orange, white and blue in the vegetation around the pond and there were other species of damselflies: dainty, common bluetail and azure plus beautiful demoiselle. Dick showed the group an interesting animal: a European crayfish!

I went off searching in the marshy meadow but could only find butterflies including map, a very worn marbled fritillary, large white, common blue, small copper, wood white, meadow brown, marbled white, holly blue and a brief southern white admiral. Back towards the bus we all saw green-veined white, a late pearly heath and a little dingy skipper.

We spent the second half of the morning at the village pond at Pressignac – always a good dragonfly venue. As we got out of the bus we saw many small damselflies on and around the floating vegetation which were mostly small red-eye. Across the water were three male emperors and a female egg-laying amongst the pond weed. Other dragonflies seen were keeled, black-tailed and white-tailed skimmers, up to three broad scarlet including a pale juvenile male, orange spotted emerald and ruddy darter. There were also small red, azure, common blue-tail and dainty damselflies. Notable butterflies were long-tailed and short-tailed blues. In the poplars golden orioles sang and called but would not show themselves.

Lunch was at Chez Julien's in Paunat, a lovely restaurant in a beautiful small village. It is set in the cloister area of the 12th century abbey complete with Jackdaws in the tower and grey wagtails in the stream. We could have stayed longer...but there was work to do!

First stop after lunch was a small lake towards Veyrines-de-Vergt. As we walked along the track to the reed-fringed water body we saw an all-blue male southern skimmer. On the lake were a good mix of dragonflies and with the 'scope we had good views of even distant individuals. These were black-tailed and white-tailed skimmers, four-spotted and broad-bodied chasers, emperor and ruddy darter. moorhen and water rail called from the reeds, a kingfisher flew by and I was lucky enough to see a large chequered skipper. It became very warm as the temperature approached 35°C. Turtle doves purred in the trees as we watched a male brimstone flying low over water by the far side of the lake amongst the reeds. All of a sudden it was languishing in the water where it struggled for some time although there was no sign of a predator – it seemed to have just 'fallen in'. Other butterflies included scarce swallowtail and Berger's clouded yellow.

Our final stop of the afternoon was Dick's house nearby where his wife Tish kindly received us with cold drinks, tea and her now famous rock buns. This gave the group the opportunity to discuss dragonflies with Dick looking at some of his reference collection (including other invertebrates) or to just relax and chat and watch a bit of Wimbledon! As a parting shot Dick showed us a geranium bronze in the garden – a nice finish to our enjoyable visit. Returning to Mauzac we passed a stonechat up on a wire and a large flock of starlings in a field – both new bird species for the holiday.

Day 4: Tuesday 7 July

Today we travelled eastwards along the Dordogne valley in the direction of Sarlat. We stopped near Saint Cyprien at a site we call 'Phil's Pond' after Dr Phil Smith – a friend who recommended it (and put me in touch with Dick Askew) when I first came to Dordogne in year 2000. It was another sunny and warm day as we arrived at the site. Walking around the lake we soon found plenty of broad scarlets. I went on ahead to check the path and in doing so stumbled across a kingfisher in a bankside tree. Later we saw two from the far side of the lake. We also noted catfish in this lake.

Out on the lake we saw several western demoiselle, blue-eye and azure damselflies whilst in the grass and scrub by the track were orange and white featherlegs. Further on there were more broad scarlets plus southern, black-tailed and white-tailed skimmers, emperor and four-spotted chaser. With the help of the

'scope Dick identified a red-veined darter – a new species for the week. On and around the brambles we saw a large violet carpenter bee, striped shield bug, fire bug and the wasp spider (wrapping up a grasshopper).

We continued on to the bridge over the main river at Castlenaud with its imposing castle set high above on the cliffs. A friend had informed me that the splendid cruiser had been recorded here several times in the last twenty years in early July so we felt we should try our luck. There were many people about - in canoes or on the river beaches here. Despite this there were dragonflies flying and we walked out onto the bridge for a better view. I found a road victim pincertail which Dick identified as large pincertail. Meanwhile Carolyn was watching a live one on the beach below us! The dragonflies over the river were too fast and distant to identify – apart from the common western demoiselles - so we dropped down and joined the rest of the group on the beach. They had been watching scarce swallowtail, common blue and dingy skipper puddling on the beach and potter wasps. Walking back to the car park we inspected the bridge base for dragonfly exuviae. I collected a number of examples – all rather similar – which Dick later identified as large and small pincertail. Alas the hoped-for splendid cruiser was not to be...this time.

Heading south we stopped by an old water mill on the Céou valley. grey wagtails were flitting around the stream and we saw western demoiselle plus a possible orange spotted emerald. The hedge next to the mill was more productive with many beautiful demoiselles which the two Johns and Carolyn spent a while photographing. At the little bridge further on was a goldenring and two more possible orange spotted emeralds. A male Cleopatra was a good find.

Lunch was at Daglan at a nice restaurant 'Le Thé Vert' by the bridge with resident black redstarts. After lunch we returned westwards through the Bessède forest. At a small pond by the road we found an interesting clubtail dragonfly subsequently identified by Dick as probably yellow clubtail. In the grasses and bankside vegetation (which included marsh helleborine) we found blue and white featherlegs, blue-eye and blue-tailed damselflies. Margaret N found a downy emerald. Dick had been trying to net it when it flew into the pond and I fished it out. Dick then explained the intricacies of identification. Other dragonflies seen here were emperor, southern and keeled skimmers plus broad bodied chaser. Interesting butterflies included white admiral, silver-washed fritillary, dryad, small, large and grizzled skippers, small copper and brown argus. In the pond were large congregations of tiny black catfish fry looking like tadpoles. From the pines I heard a brief churring from a nightjar.

Nearby we drove up a forest track to two other ponds. I netted a juvenile darter which Dick identified as a ruddy darter and we also found dainty damselfly, broad bodied chaser, black-tailed skimmer and our first and only scarce spreadwing damselflies of the holiday. As we left Dick found an early instar praying mantis on the bus door to show to us.

Day 5: Wednesday 8 July

Before we left for our trip out to the Vézère and Beune valley, Carolyn was lucky enough to find a broad-bordered bee hawk-moth. We headed out to the Grande Beune valley for the morning session. Just after we arrived we found keeled and black-tailed skimmers near the bus. In the marshy grassland were a number of southern damselfly (mercury bluet). A walk around the area produced a range of butterflies: large, Adonis, common, Provençal short-tailed and short-tailed blues, scarce swallowtail, Berger's clouded Yellow, dryad, ringlet, gatekeeper, pearly heath, red admiral (our only one of the holiday!), meadow brown, large, dingy and mallow skippers, marbled fritillary and marbled white. Cetti's and melodious warblers sang in the distance whilst golden oriole sang and lesser spotted woodpecker called in the trees nearby. I walked around the meadow to see if I could track down anything different. I caught an emerald dragonfly which Dick identified as brilliant emerald again explaining to the group the identification details. Other interesting invertebrates here included great green and Roesel's bush-crickets, large marsh grasshopper and the wasp spider. Along the hedge were several beautiful and copper demoiselles.

After a while we moved on to the bridge area downstream where we saw two unidentified emerald dragonflies, copper, beautiful and banded demoiselles, blue featherleg, plus small red and southern damselflies as well as marbled fritillary and ringlet.

A pleasant lunch was enjoyed at Chateaubriant Restaurant in Les Eyzies before the afternoon session which started in the Petite Beune Valley. Parking in our usual place just the other side of the reedbed we were soon finding dragonflies: goldenring, brilliant emerald plus copper and beautiful demoiselles, large red (new for the week) and southern damselflies. We watched a pair of wood whites displaying facing one another with heads almost touching. Other butterflies included green-veined white and ringlet and further up the road John W photographed a weaver's fritillary - a new species for the week. All the while reed warblers were chattering in the marsh and an occasional Cetti's warbler sang and both middle spotted woodpecker, long-tailed tit and water rail called.

We returned to the 'bus and drove a kilometre or so up the hill to a small marsh pool in a field which has been productive on former visits. However it was now largely vegetated over. We did however find keeled and southern skimmers as well as Emperor dragonflies. Butterflies were perhaps more interesting with brown argus, European swallowtail, clouded yellow, large blue, common blue, Lulworth skipper and several Provençal short-tailed blues.

On our return journey to Mauzac we called in on the River Dordogne and Vézère confluence at Limeuil. Up above us we watched several black kites, a kingfisher flew upstream and two common sandpipers were feeding under the far bank. Near the bank we saw many goblet-marked damselflies and various featherlegs. Further out on the river several unidentified skimmers, darters and an emperor or two buzzed about. Back at the hotel on arrival there was a painted lady on the buddleia.

Day 6: Thursday 9 July

This morning we had a longer journey south-westwards to the arable farming area on the borders of Dordogne, Gironde and Lot-et-Garonne. First stop was some ponds near Duras which the owner David Evans had kindly agreed to show us around. He has a small holding here with goats, chickens, sheep and donkeys...plus several dogs who introduced themselves. Unfortunately the weather was rather cloudy and so bigger dragonflies were less likely to be flying. However we did see a white-tailed skimmer on the main pond as well as dainty and blue-tailed damselfly and blue, white and orange featherlegs around the margins. There were plenty of gatekeepers and a holly blue settled briefly on some brambles and soon after we saw dingy and large skipper. Dick identified a hoverfly as *Volucella bombylans* and a black solitary bee as *Mellecta* sp. We also watched several small catfish at the surface of one pond. In the bushes we saw and heard a melodious warbler whilst around the pond we noted kingfisher and moorhen.

As it warmed up and the sun appeared we drove down to a nearby lake with David Evans guiding us. As we left David's property three or four hoopoes flew up from a grazed field. From the bus parked in a quarry we walked down through a wood where a short-toed treecreeper sang, to a meadow and track with various butterflies including gatekeeper, marbled and silver-washed fritillaries, scarce swallowtail, Provençal short-tailed blue, small copper, wood white, brown argus and clouded yellow. The lake was quiet by the inflow stream - perhaps because it was still in shadow - though there was a beautiful demoiselle by the bridge and a small pincertail or two along the track nearby. So we walked around to our usual happy hunting ground on the far bank. Here we quickly found white-tailed skimmer, blue-eye damselfly and blue and white featherlegs. I went to search along the bank and whilst I was off I heard a cry from the group 'dropwing'! Walking back I found everyone peering at a clump of rushes where a beautiful dragonfly had settled: a violet dropwing. It is a stunning dragonfly with a purple body and red highlights - truly exotic, and has only recently colonised south-west France as part of its spread northwards from Africa. I walked back further along the lake and found several more on a poplar which had fallen into the lake. In total there were four or five flying in this area. In the trees behind turtle doves purred as the heat set in, a melodious warbler sang from some scrub and green frogs cackled from the shallows. A flash of blue across the lake was all we saw of a kingfisher - as is often the case. After a while we walked back towards the bus through

the meadow where we saw a smart male sooty copper. These are very territorial butterflies usually returning to the same spot after chasing off other butterflies. Above us occasional black kites drifted past.

We returned to David Evans farm where we were kindly offered a covered eating area to eat our picnic lunch. Whilst the rest of us were settling down to eat John W was photographing an interesting butterfly on the other side of the garden: a lesser purple emperor. Nearby twittering in the trees were our only goldfinches recorded on the holiday. After lunch David came over to chat about some of his business projects which include developing high performance cool boxes and building blocks as well as camping 'pods' and bird hides. Clearly a very busy man and so it was very good of him to give us his time this morning.

The last stop of the day was a gravel pit near Saint-Antoine-de-Breuilh. In the trees at the far end of the lake were a few grey herons, little egrets and one great white egret. There were a number of mute swans on the water including a cygnet. Initially we saw white-tailed and black-tailed skimmers and all three featherlegs but after a while a violet dropwing appeared – maybe they aren't quite so rare after all...and then a second one! This was a great way to end the day...I don't think Carolyn wanted to leave but unfortunately she had a train to catch. So rather reluctantly we left this last site and headed in to Saint-Foy-la-Grande and the station. Here we said our good byes to Carolyn and wished her a better return train journey than her outbound one.

Day 7: Friday 10 July

Everyone was packed up and ready to go when I arrived at the hotel. We said our goodbyes to Amanda and set off immediately for the forest north of Bergerac where there are some ponds which Dick knows well from university teaching days. We stopped briefly at a little stream but it was still rather cool and shady though a small group of beautiful demoiselles – mostly females – were starting to assemble. Nearby a middle spotted woodpecker called.

Moving on to 'Dick's Pond' we found that also rather quiet though great spotted woodpecker, short-toed treecreeper and crested tit were singing or calling. There were also family parties of chiffchaff and long-tailed tit in the vegetation. However after a while we found a couple of broad scarlet dragonflies over the water as well as several black-tailed or white-tailed skimmers. By the car park we watched a rather brown female keeled skimmer. By the pond amongst the vegetation were small red and blue-tailed damselflies. Of the few butterflies we did find we were pleased to see silver-washed fritillary, Provençal short-tailed and short-tailed blues. A walk up the track was not very productive so we nipped over to a larger pond not so far away.

Here there were black-tailed and white-tailed skimmers buzzing about over the water and a small pincertail on the bank as well as white featherleg. In the skies above we had a good view of a honey buzzard circling and a hobby and black kite drifting by. In the distance a probable sparrowhawk was thermaling. We briefly saw another kingfisher shoot across the pond calling. A turtle dove sang and nuthatch called nearby and some of us heard the flight call of a black woodpecker. In the trees by the inflow stream we watched a spotted flycatcher briefly and there was a black redstart nearby. Butterflies here included silver-washed fritillary, southern white admiral, scarce swallowtail and dingy, small and large skippers.

Driving to our lunch stop by the dam at Bergerac we passed a sad sight – a dead fox on the roadside by the new bridge. Parking up by the dam we found a picnic table in the shade and enjoyed the salad, fruit and cakes which Amanda had provided. After this we walked down to the river for our last half hour of the holiday. Although we didn't see too many dragonflies – mainly western demoiselles and blue-eye damselflies – there was plenty of other wildlife active in the river. In particular we saw various fish shoals including large grey mullet, smaller roach, and probably rudd and silver bream amongst others. Later a large shoal of large fry or perhaps Bleak swirled around in the same area where the little Caudeau stream runs into the Dordogne. Whilst watching the fish we noticed a snake in the water, it was another little viperine snake, in fact there were two and easy to see through the 'scope.

As we headed off to the airport a few black kites flew high above us and I heard a serin singing nearby – a common suburban summer bird hereabouts. I parked up outside the departure building and got John and Margaret N's suitcases and bags out. We said our goodbyes and parted company. John and Margaret W however were returning with Dick and me to the hotel at Mauzac as they had chosen to stay an extra night. So next thing it was goodbye to John and Margaret W – and Dick – before going home. As I drove out of Mauzac village a male Cleopatra and scarce swallowtail flew by, a fitting end to another enjoyable wildlife holiday in Dordogne.

SPECIES RECORDED

BIRDS

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|-----|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1. | Greylag goose | <i>Anser anser</i> |
| 2. | Mute swan | <i>Cygnus olor</i> |
| 3. | Mallard | <i>Anas platyrhynchos</i> |
| 4. | Grey heron | <i>Ardea cinerea</i> |
| 5. | Great (white) egret | <i>Ardea alba</i> |
| 6. | Little egret | <i>Egretta garzetta</i> |
| 7. | Great cormorant | <i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i> |
| 8. | European honey uzzard | <i>Pernis apivorus</i> |
| 9. | Black kite | <i>Milvus migrans</i> |
| 10. | Common (Eurasian) buzzard | <i>Buteo buteo</i> |
| 11. | Common (Eurasian) kestrel | <i>Falco tinnunculus</i> |
| 12. | Eurasian hobby | <i>Falco subbuteo</i> |
| 13. | Water rail | <i>Rallus aquaticus</i> |
| 14. | Common moorhen | <i>Gallinula chloropus</i> |
| 15. | Common sandpiper | <i>Actitis hypoleucos</i> |
| 16. | Rock dove (feral pigeon) | <i>Columba livia</i> |
| 17. | (Common) wood pigeon | <i>Columba palumbus</i> |
| 18. | European turtle dove | <i>Streptopelia turtur</i> |
| 19. | Eurasian collared dove | <i>Streptopelia decaocto</i> |
| 20. | European nightjar | <i>Caprimulgus europaeus</i> |
| 21. | Common swift | <i>Apus apus</i> |
| 22. | Common kingfisher | <i>Alcedo atthis</i> |
| 23. | (Eurasian) hoopoe | <i>Upupa epops</i> |
| 24. | Lesser spotted woodpecker | <i>Dendrocopus minor</i> |
| 25. | Middle spotted woodpecker | <i>Dendrocopus medius</i> |
| 26. | Great spotted woodpecker | <i>Dendrocopus major</i> |
| 27. | Black woodpecker | <i>Dryocopus martius</i> |
| 28. | (European) green woodpecker | <i>Picus viridis</i> |
| 29. | Eurasian golden oriole | <i>Oriolus oriolus</i> |
| 30. | Eurasian jay | <i>Garrulus glandarius</i> |
| 31. | Eurasian (common) magpie | <i>Pica pica</i> |
| 32. | Western jackdaw | <i>Corvus monedula</i> |
| 33. | Carrion crow | <i>Corvus corone</i> |
| 34. | (European) crested tit | <i>Parus cristatus</i> |
| 35. | Great tit | <i>Parus major</i> |
| 36. | Blue tit | <i>Parus caeruleus</i> |
| 37. | Barn swallow | <i>Hirundo rustica</i> |
| 38. | Eurasian crag martin | <i>Hirundo rupestris</i> |
| 39. | Common house martin | <i>Delichon urbicum</i> |

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| 40. | Cetti's warbler | <i>Cettia cetti</i> |
| 41. | Long-tailed (bush) tit | <i>Aegithalos caudatus</i> |
| 42. | Common chiffchaff | <i>Phylloscopus collybita</i> |
| 43. | (Eurasian) reed warbler | <i>Acrocephalus scirpaceus</i> |
| 44. | Melodious warbler | <i>Hippolais polyglotta</i> |
| 45. | Eurasian blackcap | <i>Sylvia atricapilla</i> |
| 46. | (Winter) wren | <i>Troglodytes troglodytes</i> |
| 47. | Eurasian nuthatch | <i>Sitta europaea</i> |
| 48. | Short-toed treecreeper | <i>Certhia brachydactyla</i> |
| 49. | Common (European) starling | <i>Sturnus vulgaris</i> |
| 50. | Common (Eurasian) blackbird | <i>Turdus merula</i> |
| 51. | Song thrush | <i>Turdus philomelos</i> |
| 52. | European robin | <i>Erithacus rubecula</i> |
| 53. | Black redstart | <i>Phoenicurus ochuros</i> |
| 54. | European stonechat | <i>Saxicola torquata</i> |
| 55. | Spotted flycatcher | <i>Muscicapa striata</i> |
| 56. | House sparrow | <i>Passer domesticus</i> |
| 57. | Grey wagtail | <i>Motacilla cinerea</i> |
| 58. | White wagtail | <i>Motacilla alba alba</i> |
| 59. | Common chaffinch | <i>Fringilla coelebs</i> |
| 60. | European serin | <i>Serinus serinus</i> |
| 61. | European greenfinch | <i>Carduelis chloris</i> |
| 62. | European goldfinch | <i>Carduelis carduelis</i> |

BUTTERFLIES

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|-----|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1. | Swallowtail | <i>Papilio machaon</i> |
| 2. | Scarce swallowtail | <i>Iphiclides podalirius</i> |
| 3. | Large white | <i>Pieris brassicae</i> |
| 4. | Small white | <i>Pieris rapae</i> |
| 5. | Green-veined white | <i>Artogeia napi</i> |
| 6. | Clouded yellow | <i>Colias croceus</i> |
| 7. | Berger's clouded yellow | <i>Colias australis</i> |
| 8. | Brimstone | <i>Gonepteryx rhamni</i> |
| 9. | Cleopatra | <i>Gonepteryx cleopatra</i> |
| 10. | Wood white | <i>Leptidea sinapis</i> |
| 11. | Small copper | <i>Lycaena phlaeas</i> |
| 12. | Sooty copper | <i>Lycaena tityrus</i> |
| 13. | Geranium bronze | <i>Cacyreus marshalli</i> |
| 14. | Long-tailed blue | <i>Lampides boeticus</i> |
| 15. | Short-tailed blue | <i>Cupido argiades</i> |
| 16. | Provençal short-tailed blue | <i>Cupido alcetas</i> |
| 17. | Small blue | <i>Cupido minimus</i> |

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| 18. | Holly blue | <i>Celastrina argiolus</i> |
| 19. | Large blue | <i>Maculinea arion</i> |
| 20. | Brown argus | <i>Aricia agestis</i> |
| 21. | Adonis blue | <i>Lysandra bellargus</i> |
| 22. | Common blue | <i>Polyommatus icarus</i> |
| 23. | Southern white admiral | <i>Limenitis reducta</i> |
| 24. | White admiral | <i>Limenitis camilla</i> |
| 25. | Lesser purple emperor | <i>Apatura ilia</i> |
| 26. | Red admiral | <i>Vanessa atalanta</i> |
| 27. | Painted lady | <i>Vanessa cardui</i> |
| 28. | Map | <i>Araschnia levana</i> |
| 29. | Silver-washed fritillary | <i>Argynnis paphia</i> |
| 30. | Marbled fritillary | <i>Brenthis daphne</i> |
| 31. | Weaver's fritillary | <i>Boloria dia</i> |
| 32. | Spotted fritillary | <i>Melitaea didyma</i> |
| 33. | Marbled white | <i>Melanargia galathea</i> |
| 34. | Dryad | <i>Minois dryas</i> |
| 35. | Great banded grayling | <i>Brintesia circe</i> |
| 36. | Meadow brown | <i>Maniola jurtina</i> |
| 37. | Ringlet | <i>Aphantopus hyperanthus</i> |
| 38. | Gatekeeper | <i>Pyronia tithonus</i> |
| 39. | Small heath | <i>Coenonympha pamphilus</i> |
| 40. | Pearly heath | <i>Coenonympha arcania</i> |
| 41. | Speckled wood | <i>Pararge aegeria</i> |
| 42. | Wall brown | <i>Lasiommata megera</i> |
| 43. | Grizzled skipper | <i>Pyrgus malvae/malvoides</i> |
| 44. | Mallow skipper | <i>Carcharodus alceae</i> |
| 45. | Dingy skipper | <i>Erynnis tages</i> |
| 46. | Large chequered skipper | <i>Heteropterus morpheus</i> |
| 47. | Lulworth skipper | <i>Thymelicus acteon</i> |
| 48. | Small skipper | <i>Thymelicus flavus</i> |
| 49. | Large skipper | <i>Ochlodes vernatus</i> |

DRAGONFLIES

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|----|----------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1. | Black-tailed skimmer | <i>Orthetrum cancellatum</i> |
| 2. | White-tailed skimmer | <i>Orthetrum albistylum</i> |
| 3. | Keeled skimmer | <i>Orthetrum coerulescens</i> |
| 4. | Southern skimmer | <i>Orthetrum brunneum</i> |
| 5. | Four-spotted chaser | <i>Libellula quadrimaculata</i> |
| 6. | Broad-bodied chaser | <i>Libellula depressa</i> |
| 7. | Blue emperor | <i>Anax imperator</i> |

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|-----|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 8. | Goldenring | <i>Cordulegaster boltonii</i> |
| 9. | Orange-spotted emerald | <i>Oxygastra curtsii</i> |
| 10. | Downy emerald | <i>Cordulia aenea</i> |
| 11. | Brilliant emerald | <i>Somatochlora metallica</i> |
| 12. | Yellow clubtail | <i>Gomphus simillimus</i> |
| 13. | Small pincertail | <i>Onychogomphus forcipatus</i> |
| 14. | Large pincertail | <i>Onychogomphus uncatus</i> |
| 15. | Broad scarlet | <i>Crocothemis erythraea</i> |
| 16. | Red-veined darter | <i>Sympetrum fonscolombii</i> |
| 17. | Common darter | <i>Sympetrum striolatum</i> |
| 18. | Ruddy darter | <i>Sympetrum sanguineum</i> |
| 19. | Violet dropwing | <i>Trithemis annulata</i> |
| 20. | Banded demoiselle | <i>Calopteryx splendens</i> |
| 21. | Western demoiselle | <i>Calopteryx xanthostoma</i> |
| 22. | Copper demoiselle | <i>Calopteryx haemorrhoidalis</i> |
| 23. | Beautiful demoiselle | <i>Calopteryx virgo</i> |
| 24. | Orange featherleg | <i>Platycnemis acutipennis</i> |
| 25. | Blue featherleg | <i>Platycnemis pennipes</i> |
| 26. | White featherleg | <i>Platycnemis latipes</i> |
| 27. | Azure damselfly | <i>Coenagrion puella</i> |
| 28. | Southern damselfly (mercury bluet) | <i>Coenagrion mercuriale</i> |
| 29. | Dainty damselfly | <i>Coenagrion scitulum</i> |
| 30. | Small red-eye | <i>Erythromma viridulum</i> |
| 31. | Blue-eye (goblet-marked damselfly) | <i>Erythromma lindenii</i> |
| 32. | Common blue-tail | <i>Ischnura elegans</i> |
| 33. | Robust spreadwing | <i>Lestes dryas</i> |
| 34. | Large Red damselfly | <i>Pyrrhosoma nymphula</i> |
| 35. | Small Red damselfly | <i>Ceriagrion tenellum</i> |